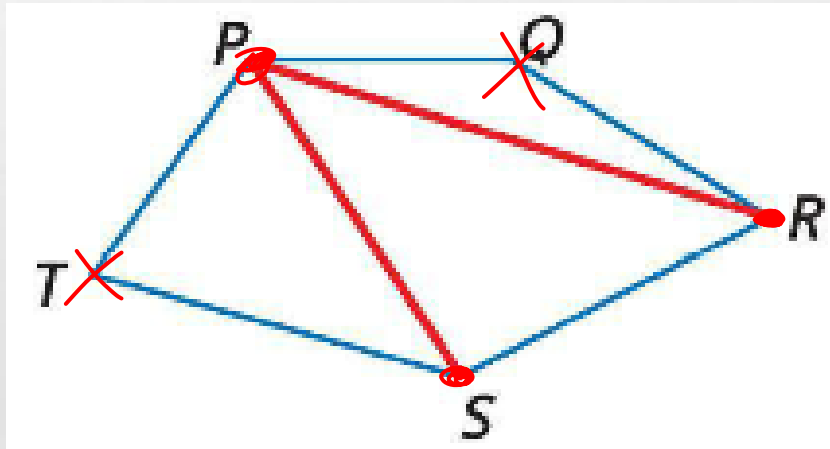


# PROPERTIES OF POLYGONS



# DIAGONAL

**A DIAGONAL OF A POLYGON IS A SEGMENT THAT CONNECTS ANY TWO NONCONSECUTIVE VERTICES.**



# POLYGON INTERIOR ANGLES SUM

- **THE SUM OF THE ANGLE MEASURES OF A POLYGON IS THE SUM OF THE ANGLE MEASURES OF THE TRIANGLES FORMED BY DRAWING ALL THE POSSIBLE DIAGONALS FROM ONE VERTEX.**
- **THE SUM OF THE INTERIOR ANGLE MEASURES OF AN  $n$ -SIDED CONVEX POLYGON IS  $(n-2) \cdot 180$**

# EXAMPLES

- **FIND THE SUM OF THE MEASURES OF THE INTERIOR ANGLES OF A CONVEX OCTAGON.**

$$N = 8$$

$$(N - 2)180$$

$$(8 - 2)180$$

$$6 \cdot 180$$

$$1080$$

# EXAMPLES

- **FIND THE SUM OF THE MEASURES OF THE INTERIOR ANGLES OF A CONVEX OCTAGON.**
- **OCTAGON = 8 SIDES**
- **$(8 - 2) * 180 = 6 * 180 = 1080$**

# EXAMPLES

- **FIND THE SUM OF THE MEASURES OF THE INTERIOR ANGLES OF A CONVEX 32-GON.**

$$N = 32$$

$$(N - 2) 180$$

$$(32 - 2) 180$$

$$30 \cdot 180$$

$$5400$$

# EXAMPLES

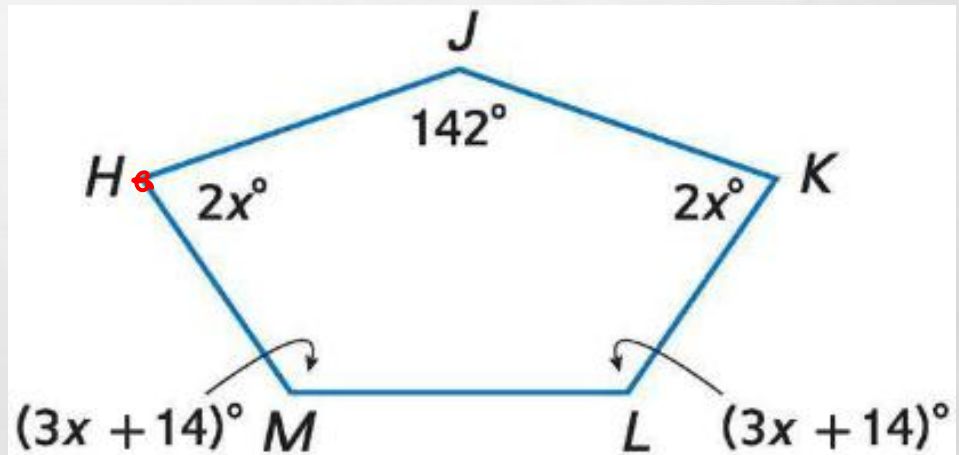
- **FIND THE SUM OF THE MEASURES OF THE INTERIOR ANGLES OF A CONVEX 32-GON.**
- **32 SIDES**
- **$(32 - 2) * 180 = 30 * 180 = 5400$**

$$10x + 170 = 540$$

# EXAMPLES

- FIND THE MEASURE OF EACH INTERIOR ANGLE OF PENTAGON *HJKLM*.

$$\begin{array}{r} N=5 \\ (5-2)180 \\ 3 \cdot 180 \\ 540 \\ \phantom{540} 2x \\ \phantom{540} 142 \\ \phantom{540} 2x \\ \phantom{540} 3x + 14 \\ \phantom{540} 3x + 14 \\ \hline 10x + 170 \end{array}$$



# EXAMPLES

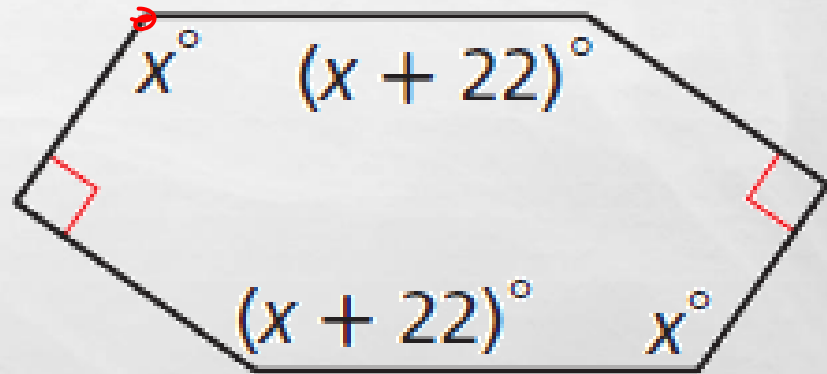
- **FIND THE MEASURE OF EACH INTERIOR ANGLE OF PENTAGON *HJKLM*.**
- **$(5 - 2) * 180 = 3 * 180 = 540$**
- **$2X + 2X + (3X + 14) + (3X + 14) + 142 = 540$**
- **$10X + 28 + 142 = 540$**
- **$10X = 370$**
- **$X = 37$**
- **74, 74, 125, 125, 142**

$$4x + 224 = 720$$

# EXAMPLES

- FIND THE MEASURE OF EACH INTERIOR ANGLE OF ~~PENTAGON JKLM~~.

$$\begin{array}{r} (6-2)180 \\ 4 \cdot 180 \\ 720 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} x \\ x + 22 \\ 90 \\ x \\ x + 22 \\ 90 \\ \hline 4x + 224 \end{array}$$



# EXAMPLES

- **FIND THE MEASURE OF EACH INTERIOR ANGLE OF PENTAGON ~~JKLMN~~**
- **$(6 - 2) * 180 = 4 * 180 = 720$**
- **$X + X + (X + 22) + (X + 22) + 90 + 90 = 720$**
- **$4X + 224 = 720$**
- **$4X = 496$**
- **$X = 124$**
- **124, 124, 146, 146, 90, 90**

# EXAMPLES

- **THE MEASURE OF AN INTERIOR ANGLE OF A REGULAR POLYGON IS 135. FIND THE NUMBER OF SIDES IN THE POLYGON.**

$$(N-2)180 = 135N$$

$$180N - 360 = 135N$$

$$180N - 135N = 360$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 45N = 360 \\ \hline 45 \quad 45 \\ \hline N = 8 \end{array}$$

# EXAMPLES

- **THE MEASURE OF AN INTERIOR ANGLE OF A REGULAR POLYGON IS 135. FIND THE NUMBER OF SIDES IN THE POLYGON.**

- **$135N = (N - 2) * 180$**

- **$135N = 180N - 360$**

- **$360 = 45N$**

- **$N = 8$**

# EXAMPLES

- **THE MEASURE OF AN INTERIOR ANGLE OF A REGULAR POLYGON IS 108. FIND THE NUMBER OF SIDES IN THE POLYGON.**

$$180N - 360 = 108N$$

$$180N - 108N = 360$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{180}N = \cancel{360} \\ \hline \cancel{72} \quad \quad \cancel{72} \\ N = 5 \end{array}$$

# EXAMPLES

- **THE MEASURE OF AN INTERIOR ANGLE OF A REGULAR POLYGON IS 108. FIND THE NUMBER OF SIDES IN THE POLYGON.**

- **$108N = (N - 2) * 180$**

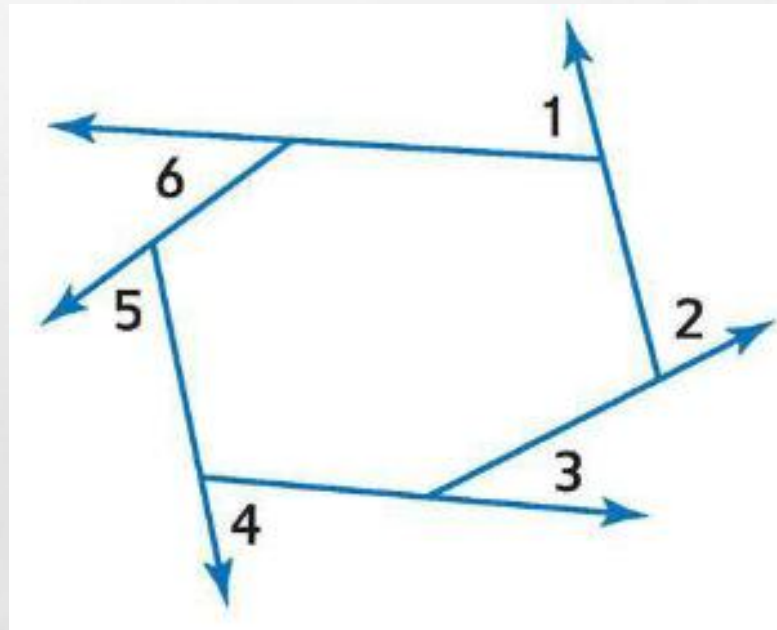
- **$108N = 180N - 360$**

- **$360 = 72N$**

- **$N = 5$**

# POLYGON EXTERIOR ANGLE SUM

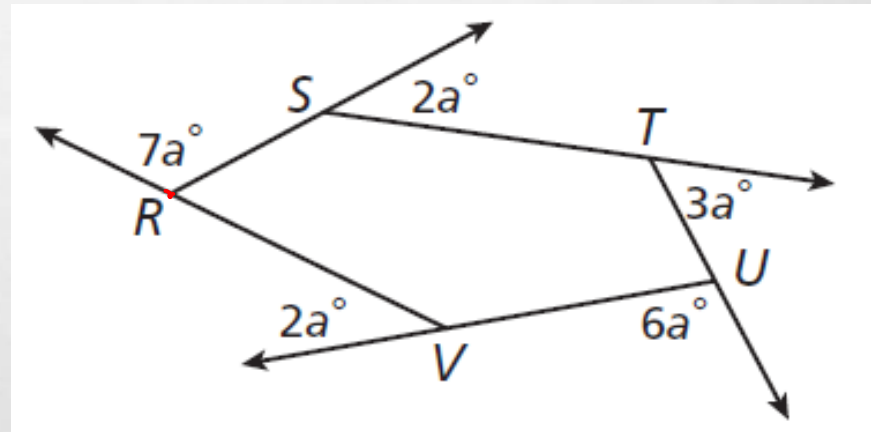
- **THE SUM OF THE EXTERIOR ANGLE MEASURES OF A CONVEX POLYGON IS 360.**



# EXAMPLES

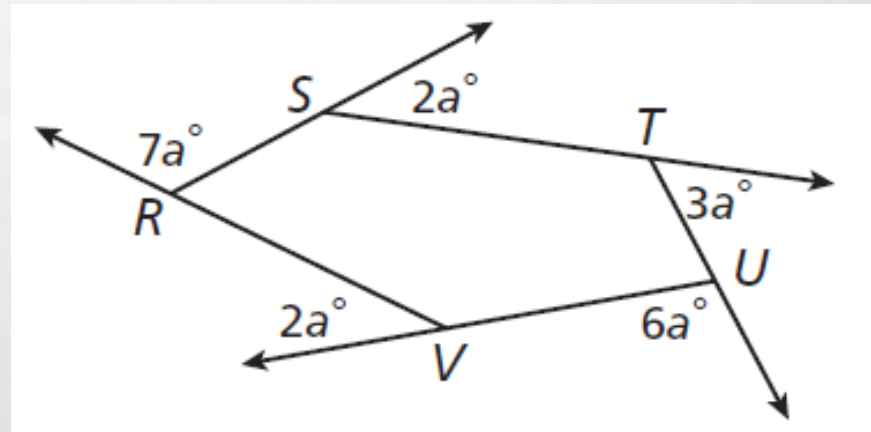
- FIND THE VALUE OF  $a$  IN POLYGON  $RSTUV$ .

$$\begin{array}{r} 7a \\ 2a \\ 3a \\ 6a \\ + 2a \\ \hline 20a \end{array}$$
$$\frac{20a}{20} = \frac{360}{20}$$
$$a = 18$$



# EXAMPLES

- FIND THE VALUE OF  $A$  IN POLYGON  $RSTUV$ .



- $7A + 2A + 3A + 6A + 2A = 360$
- $20A = 360$
- $A = 18$

# EXAMPLES

- A PENTAGON HAS EXTERIOR ANGLE MEASURES OF  $5A^\circ$ ,  $4A^\circ$ ,  $10A^\circ$ ,  $3A^\circ$ , AND  $8A^\circ$ . FIND THE VALUE OF  $A$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5A \\ 4A \\ 10A \\ 3A \\ + 8A \\ \hline 30A \end{array}$$

$$\frac{30A}{30} = \frac{360}{30}$$

$$A = 12$$

# EXAMPLES

- A PENTAGON HAS EXTERIOR ANGLE MEASURES OF  $5A^\circ$ ,  $4A^\circ$ ,  $10A^\circ$ ,  $3A^\circ$ , AND  $8A^\circ$ . FIND THE VALUE OF  $A$
- $5A + 4A + 10A + 3A + 8A = 360$
- $30A = 360$
- $A = 12$