

Volume of:

Prisms and Cylinders

Pyramids and Cones

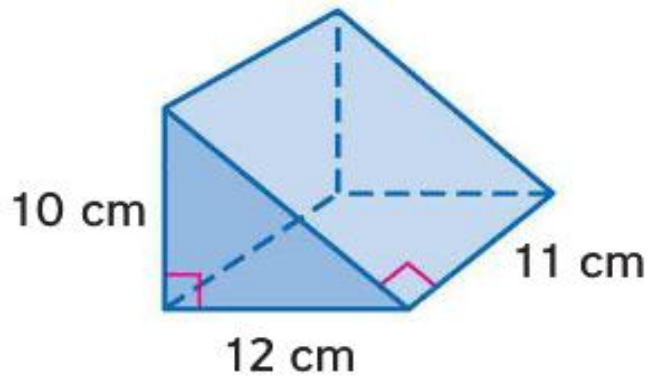
Spheres

Volume of Prisms and Cylinders

- * The volume V of a prism is $V = Bh$, where B is the area of a base and h is the height of the prism.

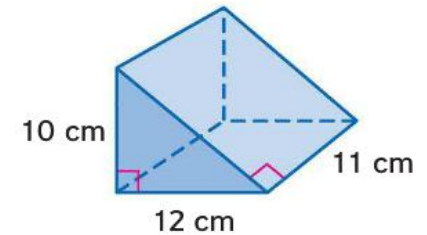
Examples

- * Find the volume of the prism.



Examples

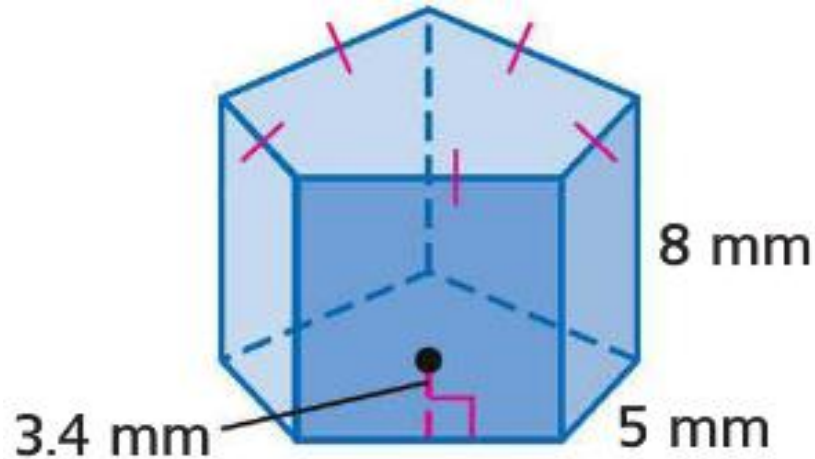
- * Find the volume of the prism.



- * $V = Bh$; $B = \frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}(10)(12) = 60$; $h = 11$
- * $V = 60 * 11 = 660$

Examples

- * Find the volume of the prism.



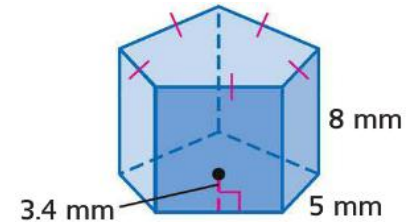
Examples

* Find the volume of the prism.

* $V = Bh$

* $B = \frac{1}{2}Pa = \frac{1}{2}(5 * 5)(3.4) = 42.5$

* $V = (42.5)(8) = 340$

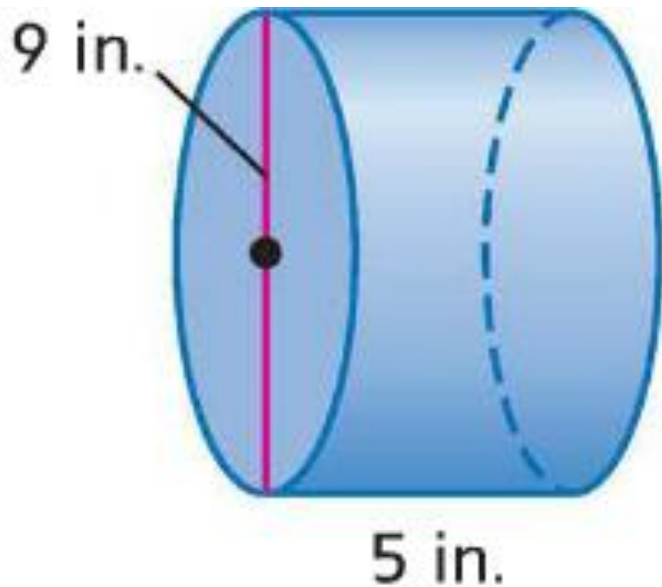


Volume of a Cylinder

- * The volume V of a cylinder is $V = Bh$ or $V = \pi r^2 h$, where B is the area of the base, h is the height of the cylinder, and r is the radius of the base.

Examples

- * Find the volume of the cylinder.



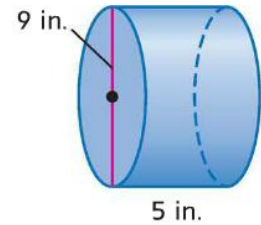
Examples

* Find the volume of the cylinder.

* $V = \pi r^2 h; h = 5$

* $r = \frac{9}{2} = 4.5$

* $V = \pi(4.5^2)(5) = 101.25\pi = 318.1$

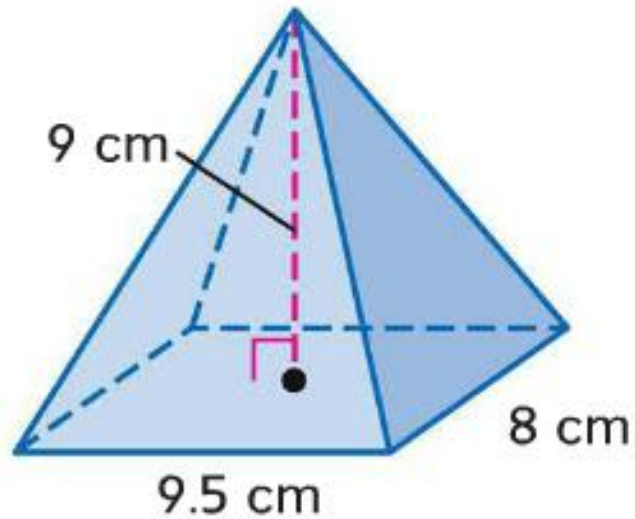


Volume of a Pyramid

- * The volume of a pyramid is $V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$, where B is the area of the base and h is the height of the pyramid.

Examples

- * Find the volume of the pyramid.



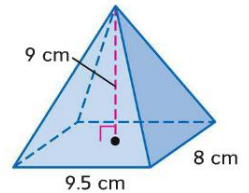
Examples

* Find the volume of the pyramid.

* $V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$

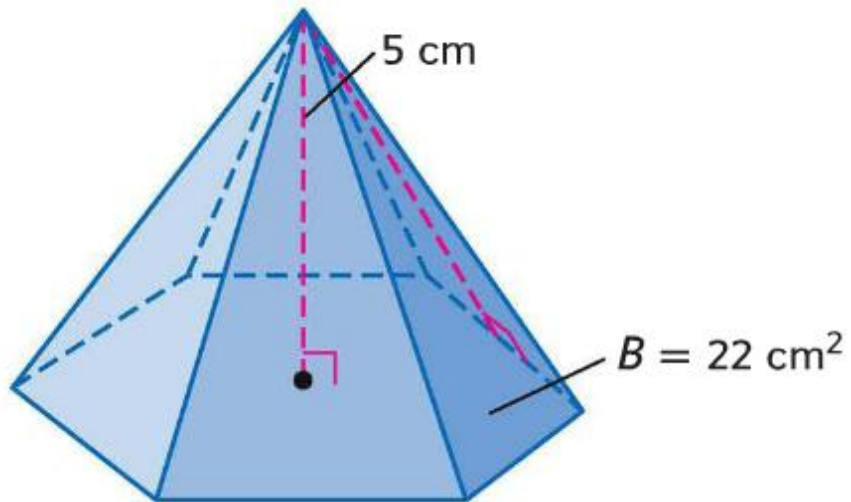
* $B = 9.5 * 8 = 76; h = 9$

* $V = \frac{1}{3}(76)(9) = 228$



Examples

- * Find the volume of the pyramid.



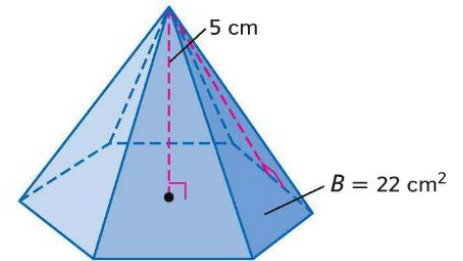
Examples

* Find the volume of the pyramid.

* $V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$

* $B = 22; h = 5$

* $V = \frac{1}{3}(22)(5) = 36.67$

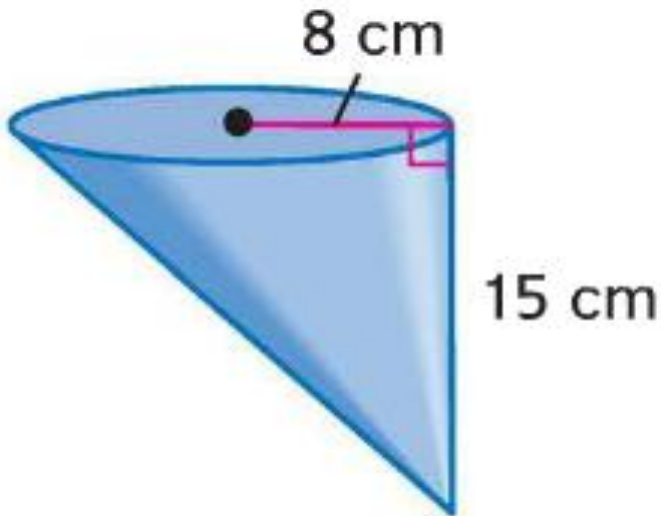


Volume of a Cone

- * The volume of a circular right cone is $V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$, or $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2h$, where B is the area of the base, h is the height of the cone, and r is the radius of the base.

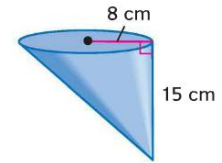
Examples

- * Find the volume of the cone. Round to the nearest tenth.



Examples

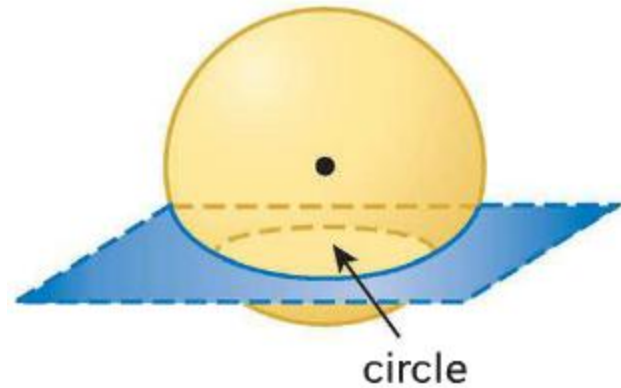
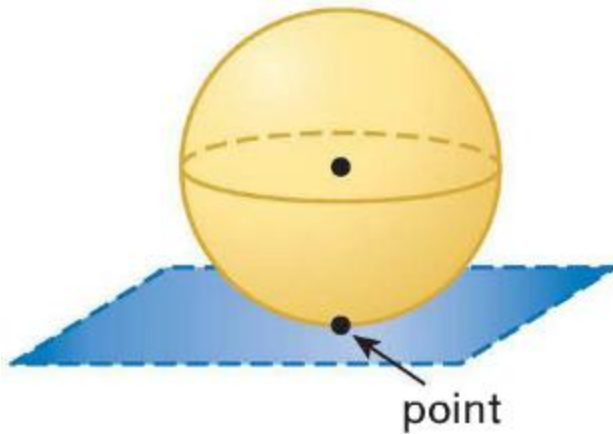
- * Find the volume of the cone. Round to the nearest tenth.



- * $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h; r = 8, h = 15$
- * $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi(8^2)(15) = 320\pi = 1005.3$

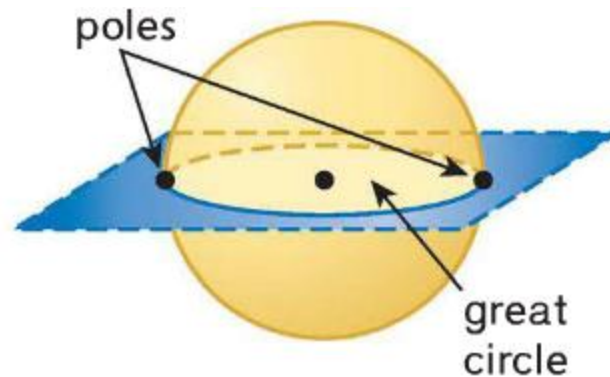
Spheres

- * A plane can intersect a sphere in a point or in a circle.



Spheres

- * If the circle contains the center of the sphere, the intersection is called a great circle.
- * The endpoints of a diameter of a great circle are called poles.



Great Circle

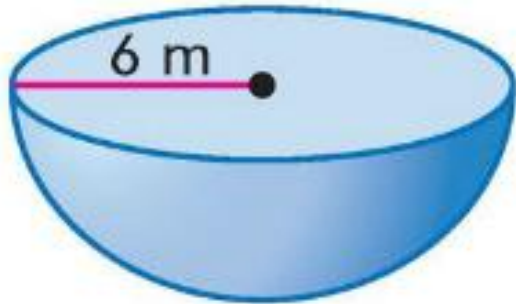
- * Since a great circle has the same center as the sphere and its radii are also radii of the sphere, it is the largest circle that can be drawn on a sphere.
- * It separates a sphere into two congruent halves, called hemispheres.

Volume of a Sphere

- * The volume V of a sphere is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$, where r is the radius of the sphere.

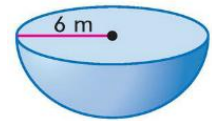
Examples

- * Find the volume of the sphere or hemisphere. Round to the nearest tenth.



Examples

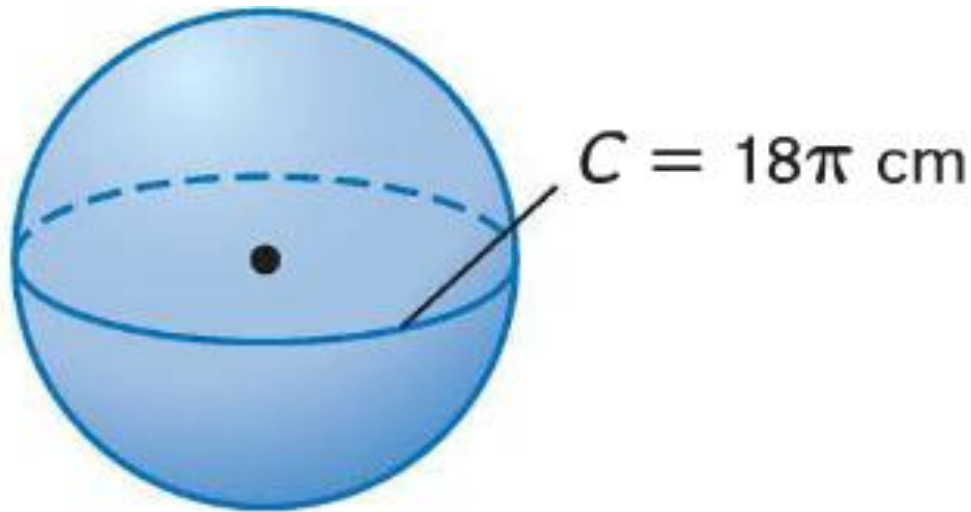
- * Find the volume of the sphere or hemisphere. Round to the nearest tenth.



- * $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3; r = 6$
- * $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi 6^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi(216)$
- * $V = 288\pi = 904.8$

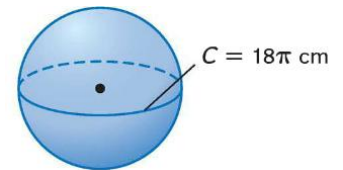
Examples

- * Find the volume of the sphere or hemisphere. Round to the nearest tenth.



Examples

- * Find the volume of the sphere or hemisphere. Round to the nearest tenth.



- * $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

- * $C = 2\pi r; 18\pi = 2\pi r \rightarrow r = 9$

- * $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi 9^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi(729) = 972\pi = 3053.6$