Chapter 9 (p. 683, 9-4)

composition of functions

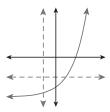
composition of functions: The composition of functions f and g, written as $(f \cdot g)(x)$ and defined as f(g(x)) uses the output of g(x) as the input for f(x).

If
$$f(x) = x^2$$
 and $g(x) = x + 1$,
the composite function
 $(f \cdot g)(x) = (x + 1)^2$.

Chapter 9 (p. 691, 9-5)

one-to-one function: A function in which each *y*-value corresponds to only one *x*-value. The inverse of a one-to-one function is also a function.

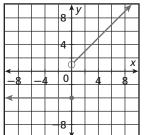
one-to-one function



Chapter 9 (p. 662, 9-2)

piecewise function: A function that is a combination of one or more functions.





$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -4 & \text{if } x \le 0 \\ x+1 & \text{if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

Chapter 9 (p. 663, 9-2)

step function: A piecewise function that is constant over each interval in its domain.

step function

