

LESSON

Reteach

9-1 Multiple Representations of Functions

You can use a representation of a function to create a different representation of the same function.

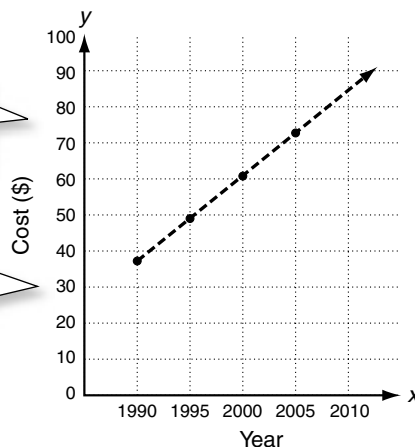
The table shows the cost of renting mountain bikes for 5 days at Outdoor Biker from 1990 through 2005.

Use the table to create a graph and an equation.

Year	Cost (\$)
1990	37
1995	49
2000	61
2005	73

Plot the ordered pairs on the graph

The graph suggests the data are **linear**.



Write a linear equation.

Step 1 Define the variables. Let x = year and y = the rental cost.

Step 2 Find the slope. Choose two points: (1990, 37) and (1995, 49).

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{49 - 37}{1995 - 1990} = \frac{12}{5} = 2.4$$

Step 3 Write the equation of the line using the point-slope form.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 37 = 2.4(x - 1990)$$

$$y = 2.4x - 4739$$

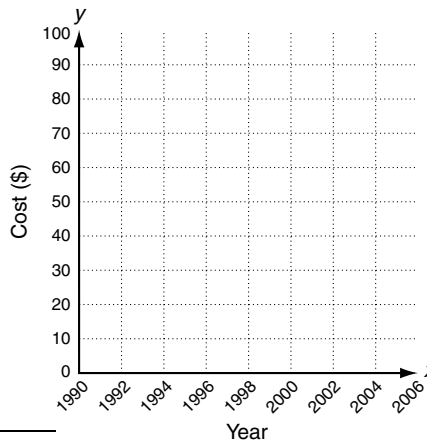
Use the equation to predict the cost of renting a mountain bike in 2007.

$$y = 2.4x - 4739 = 2.4(2007) - 4739 = \$77.80$$

The table shows the cost of renting ocean kayaks for a week at Ocean Adventures. Use the table to solve.

1. Use the data to create a graph.

Year	Cost (\$)
1992	28
1996	42
2000	56
2004	70



2. Write a linear equation. _____

3. Predict the cost of renting a kayak in 2006. _____

LESSON

Reteach

9-1 Multiple Representations of Functions (continued)

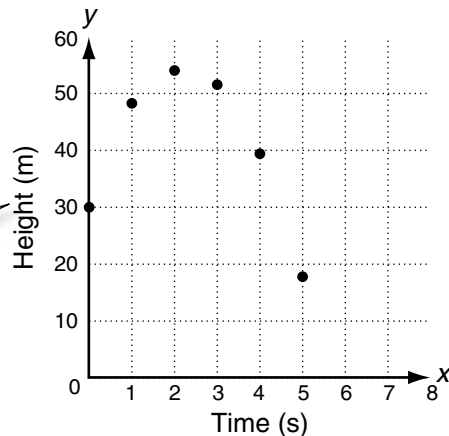
Different representations can be used to solve problems about nonlinear functions.

The table shows the height of a rocket after it is fired. When does the rocket reach its maximum height?

Time (s)	Height (m)
0	30.0
1	47.1
2	54.4
3	51.9
4	39.6
5	17.5

Step 1 Make a scatter plot.

The graph suggests the data are not linear.



Step 2 Check finite differences.

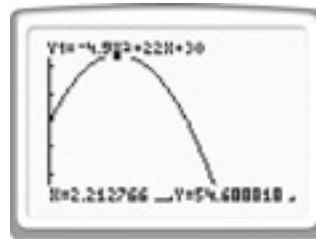
First differences:	17.1	7.3	-2.5	-12.3	-22.1
Second differences:		-9.8	-9.8	-9.8	-9.8

Step 3 Second differences are constant. Use a graphing calculator to find the quadratic regression (QuadReg) equation:

$$y = -4.9x^2 + 22x + 30.$$

$y = ax^2 + bx + c$ $a = -4.9$ $b = 22$ $c = 30$ $r^2 = 1$
--

Step 4 Use TRACE to find the maximum height.



The rocket has a maximum height of about 54.7 m at about 2.2s.

The table shows the height of a rocket after it is fired. Solve.

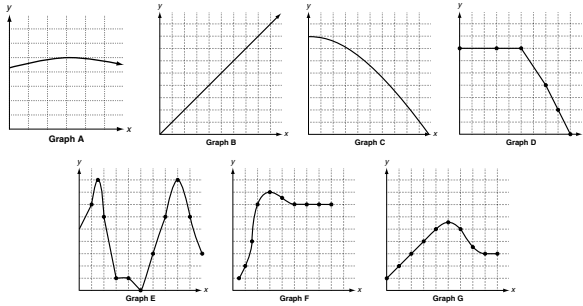
- Are the first differences constant? _____
- Are the second differences constant? _____
- Find an equation to model the data.

- When does the rocket reach its maximum height?

Time (s)	Height (m)
0	45
1	58.1
2	61.4
3	54.9
4	38.6
5	12.5

LESSON 9-1 Practice A
Multiple Representations of Functions

Match each situation to its corresponding graph.



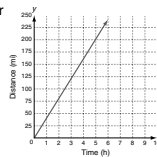
- A bowling ball rolls down the alley and drops into a trough behind the pins. Which graph shows a horizontal line that suddenly drops? **D**
- As a flower vase is filled with water, the level of the water rises. **B**
- A football is kicked and then caught by a person who runs down the football field with it. **G**
- The sales of wide-screen televisions increase rapidly, peak, and then level off. **F**
- Ice cream sales were steady all day at the music festival. **A**
- A restaurant opens late in the morning, experiences a lunchtime rush, and then empties right before the dinner rush. **E**
- The noise level of traffic decreases after the evening rush hour. **C**

Solve.

- A train begins a trip of 240 miles. The train averages 40 miles per hour including stops. Create a table, a graph, and an equation to represent the distance the train travels in relation to time.

Time (h)	0	1	2	3
Distance (mi)	0	40	80	120

$$d = 40t$$



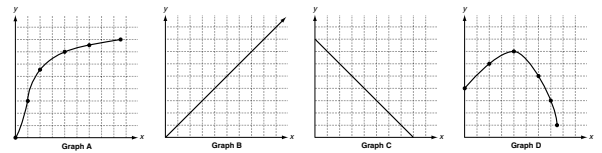
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LESSON 9-1 Practice B
Multiple Representations of Functions

Match each situation to its corresponding graph. Sketch a possible graph of the situation if it does not match any of the given graphs.



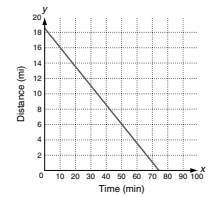
- A train is approaching its destination. **C**
- The temperature on an autumn day increases until late afternoon and then drops dramatically by late evening. **D**
- A helium balloon is released by a running child on a calm day. **B**
- A golf ball hit by a golfer flies over the trees and disappears into the woods. **A**

Solve.

- A bicyclist leaves a rest stop at 1:00 and heads directly for home at a constant rate. The table shows how far, d , he is from home in miles as a function of time, t . Create a graph and an equation to predict the time he will arrive home.

t	1:00	1:10	1:20	1:30	1:40
d	18.5	16.0	13.5	11.0	8.5

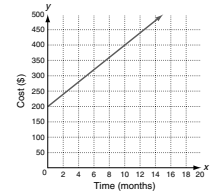
$$d = -0.25t + 17.5$$



- New members at a fitness club pay \$200 to start and then \$20 per month for life. Create a table, a graph, and an equation that represent the total cost of enrollment, c , as a function of months, m , of participation.

m	1	2	3
c	220	240	260

$$c = 20m + 200$$



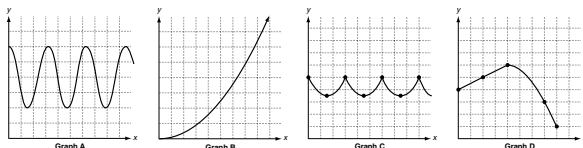
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LESSON 9-1 Practice C
Multiple Representations of Functions

Match each situation to its corresponding graph. Sketch a possible graph of the situation if it does not match any of the given graphs.



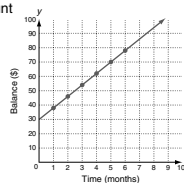
- A pendulum swings back and forth. **C**
- A new subdivision is built near an elementary school and families with children begin moving in. **B**
- Joan throws a paper airplane into the air. **D**
- Sandy is riding the roller coaster at the amusement park. **A**

Solve.

- The table shows the balance, b , in dollars in a savings account at the end of each month. Create a graph and an equation to represent the balance after m months.

m	1	2	3	4	5	6
b	38	46	54	62	70	78

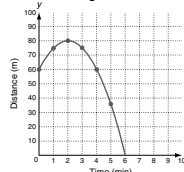
$$b = 8m + 30$$



- A fireworks projectile is launched at 20 meters per second from a 60-meter bridge. The table shows the distance, d , in meters the projectile is above the river after t seconds. Create a graph and an equation to determine how long after the launch the projectile reaches the ground.

t	0	1	2	3	4	5
d	60	75	80	75	60	35

$$d = -5t^2 + 20t + 60$$



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LESSON 9-1 Reteach
Multiple Representations of Functions

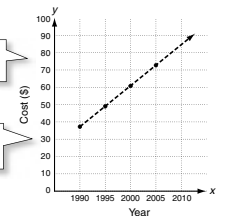
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Write a linear equation.

Step 1 Define the variables. Let x = year and y = the rental cost.

Step 2 Find the slope. Choose two points: (1990, 37) and (1995, 49).

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{49 - 37}{1995 - 1990} = \frac{12}{5} = 2.4 \quad (x_1, y_1) \quad (x_2, y_2)$$

Step 3 Write the equation of the line using the point-slope form.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 37 = 2.4(x - 1990) \quad \text{Use } m = 2.4 \text{ and } (1990, 37) \text{ for } (x_1, y_1).$$

$$y = 2.4x - 4739$$

Use the equation to predict the cost of renting a mountain bike in 2007.

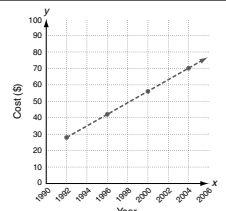
$$y = 2.4x - 4739 = 2.4(2007) - 4739 = \$77.80$$

The table shows the cost of renting ocean kayaks for a week at Ocean Adventures. Use the table to solve.

- Use the data to create a graph.

Year	Cost (\$)
1992	28
1996	42
2000	56
2004	70

$$y = 3.5x - 6944$$



- Write a linear equation.
- Predict the cost of renting a kayak in 2006. **\$77**

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LESSON **Reteach**

9-1 Multiple Representations of Functions (continued)

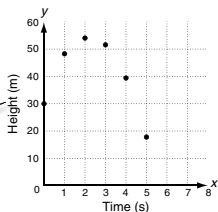
Different representations can be used to solve problems about nonlinear functions.

The table shows the height of a rocket after it is fired. When does the rocket reach its maximum height?

Time (s)	Height (m)
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2	54.4
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Step 1 Make a scatter plot.

The graph suggests the data are not linear.

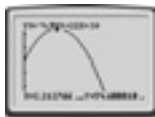


Step 2 Check finite differences.

First differences: 17.1 7.3 -2.5 -12.3 -22.1
 Second differences: -9.8 -9.8 -9.8 -9.8

Step 3 Second differences are constant. Use a graphing calculator to find the quadratic regression (QuadReg) equation:
 $y = -4.9x^2 + 22x + 30$.

Step 4 Use TRACE to find the maximum height.



The rocket has a maximum height of about 54.7 m at about 2.2s.

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$a = -4.9$$

$$b = 22$$

$$c = 30$$

$$r^2 = 1$$

The table shows the height of a rocket after it is fired. Solve.

- Are the first differences constant? No
- Are the second differences constant? Yes
- Find an equation to model the data.
 $y = -4.9x^2 + 18x + 45$
- When does the rocket reach its maximum height?
About 61.5 m at about 1.9 s

Time (s)	Height (m)
0	45
1	58.1
2	61.4
3	54.9
4	38.6
5	12.5

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LESSON **Challenge**

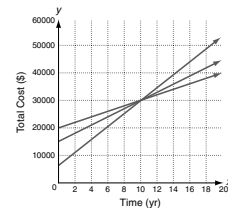
9-1 Find a Function to Fit

Some real-world problems can be modeled using functions. Consider a home owner in Maine faced with deciding which type of heating system to install in a new home. A solar system will cost \$20,000 to install, but the annual heating costs will be \$1000. A geothermal heat pump will cost \$15,000 to install with annual heating costs of \$1500. A conventional oil-fired furnace will cost \$6000 to install with annual heating costs of \$2400.

- Write a function to represent the total cost of each system over t years.

$$f(t) = 20,000 + 1000t, g(t) = 15,000 + 1500t, h(t) = 6000 + 2400t$$

- Graph each function over 20 years.



- If the home owner plans to move within 7 years, which heating system is most economical?

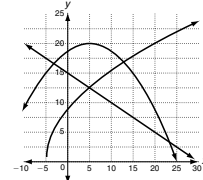
Oil-fired furnace

- Which system is better for a home owner who is planning to live in the house for 30 or more years? How do you know?

Solar system; after 10 years, this system is least expensive.

Consider the graph below. Three functions are shown: a linear function, $f(x)$, a quadratic function, $g(x)$, and a square root function, $h(x)$.

- Identify three points on each graph.
 a. $f(x)$: $(0, 15), (10, 10), (20, 5)$
 b. $g(x)$: $(5, 20), (15, 15), (25, 0)$
 c. $h(x)$: $(-5, 0), (4, 12), (20, 20)$



- Find an equation that models $f(t)$.

$$f(x) = -0.5x + 15$$

- Find an equation that models $g(t)$. Remember, every quadratic function is of the form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$. Set up a system of equations and solve for a, b , and c .

$$g(x) = -0.05(x - 5)^2 + 20 = -0.05x^2 + 0.5x + 18.75$$

- Find an equation that models $h(t)$. A square root function can be modeled with $y = a\sqrt{x - h} + k$.

$$h(x) = 4\sqrt{x + 5}$$

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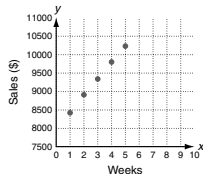
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LESSON **Problem Solving**

9-1 Multiple Representations of Functions

Yvonne opened a new video game store. The table shows a record of her sales for the first five weeks. To break even, she needs to sell at least \$12,500 worth of merchandise each week. She assumes the sales trend will continue and wants to know what to expect over the next weeks.

- Graph the data using weeks as the independent variable and sales as the dependent variable.



Week	Sales (\$)
1	8470
2	8920
3	9360
4	9790
5	10,210

- Yvonne thinks she can model her sales data using a quadratic function. Is she correct? How do you know?

Yes, because second differences are constant. For a quadratic function, second differences are constant.

- Use a graphing calculator to perform the appropriate regression on the data. Write the equation that models the data.

$$y = -5x^2 + 465x + 8010$$

- What sales can Yvonne expect in week 6? \$10,620
- When will her sales exceed \$11,000 per week? Week 7
- When will she break even? Week 11
- When will sales be twice the sales of week 1? Week 28

Choose the letter for the best answer.

- Which equation represents a steady increase of \$420 per week in sales from week 5 on?
 A $y = -420x + 10,210$
 B $y = 420x + 10,210$
 C $y = -5x^2 + 420x + 10,210$
 D $y = -420x^2 + 10,210x$
- During which week will Yvonne break even if the sales pattern changes and sales in week 6 and week 7 are \$10,640 and \$11,080, respectively?
 F Week 9
 G Week 10
 H Week 11
 J Week 12

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LESSON **Reading Strategies**

9-1 Identify Relationships

You can represent functions in several ways. You can use an equation, a table, or a graph. Each representation gives the same information.

<p>Equation</p> $y = 2x$ <p>When $x = 1, y = 2$.</p>	<p>Table</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th>x</th><th>y</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>14</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>20</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>When $x = 1, y = 2$.</p>	x	y	1	2	4	8	7	14	10	20	<p>Graph</p> <p>When $x = 1, y = 2$.</p>
x	y											
1	2											
4	8											
7	14											
10	20											

<p>Graph L</p> <p>Equation A</p> $y = \frac{x}{3}$	<p>Graph M</p> <p>Equation B</p> $y = x^2 + 2x - 5$	<p>Graph N</p> <p>Equation C</p> $y = x - 4$	<p>Table R</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th>x</th><th>-4</th><th>-1</th><th>0</th><th>2</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><th>y</th><td>3</td><td>-6</td><td>-5</td><td>3</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	x	-4	-1	0	2	y	3	-6	-5	3
x	-4	-1	0	2									
y	3	-6	-5	3									
			<p>Table S</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th>x</th><th>6</th><th>9</th><th>12</th><th>15</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><th>y</th><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	x	6	9	12	15	y	2	3	4	5
x	6	9	12	15									
y	2	3	4	5									
			<p>Table T</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr><th>x</th><th>-5</th><th>-1</th><th>2</th><th>10</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><th>y</th><td>-9</td><td>-5</td><td>-2</td><td>6</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	x	-5	-1	2	10	y	-9	-5	-2	6
x	-5	-1	2	10									
y	-9	-5	-2	6									

Identify the relationships between the graphs, tables, and equations shown above. Explain your reasoning.

- Which table and graph have a relationship with Equation A?
Table S and Graph N; possible answer: All the x-values are divided by 3 to get the y-values. The graph is linear and passes through the origin.
- Which graph and equation have a relationship with Table R?
Graph L and Equation B; possible answer: The y-values alternate positive, negative, positive, so it is not linear.
- Which equation and table have a relationship with Graph M?
Equation C and Table T; possible answer: The graph is linear and passes through the point (0, -4). In Table T the y-values are always four less than the x-values.

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