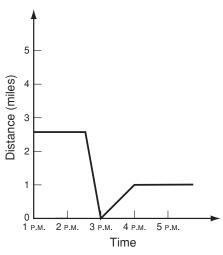
CHAPTER Chapter Test

Select the best answer.

 The graph below shows how far Andrea was from her home in miles from 1 P.M. to 5 P.M. Based on the graph, which statement is true?



- A Andrea was at home at 3 P.M.
- **B** Andrea was not at home at 3 P.M.
- **2.** Which words could be represented by the function g(s) = 3s?
 - A A balloon rises 1 foot per second.
 - **B** A balloon rises 3 feet per second.
- **3.** Which function could represent the data in the table below?

	x	-5	0	2	5
	f (x)	-2	3	5	8
4	 B f() C f() Evaluat x = A f() 			$ if x \le 0 2 if x > 0 $))

5. The cost to deliver a package that weighs less than or equal to 5 pounds is \$2.00. If a package weighs greater than 5 pounds and less than or equal to 10 pounds, the cost is \$10.00. For packages heavier than 10 pounds, the cost is \$20.00. Which function best represents the cost of shipping a package?

$$\mathbf{A} \ c(p) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 \le p \le 5\\ 5 & \text{if } 5 < t \le 10\\ 10 & \text{if } t > 10 \end{cases}$$
$$\mathbf{B} \ c(p) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } 0 \le p < 5\\ 10 & \text{if } 5 \le t < 10\\ 20 & \text{if } t \ge 10 \end{cases}$$
$$\mathbf{C} \ c(p) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } 0 \le p \le 5\\ 10 & \text{if } 5 < t \le 10\\ 20 & \text{if } t > 10 \end{cases}$$

6. Given $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x & \text{if } x > 0\\ x - 2 & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}$, which is the rule for g(x), a vertical translation of f(x) 4 units down?

A
$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 12 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ x - 6 & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}$$

B $g(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 4 & \text{if } x > -4 \\ x - 6 & \text{if } x \le -4 \end{cases}$
C $g(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 4 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ x - 6 & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}$

7. f(x) = 3x + 6 and $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x)$. What is the *y*-intercept of g(x)? **A** (0, 3) **B** (0, 12) 9

Date Class

CHAPTER Chapter Test

Form A continued

- 8. $f(x) = \begin{cases} x 7 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 2x & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}$ and q(x) = f(3x). What is q(x)? $\mathbf{A} \ g(x) = \begin{cases} x - 4 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 2x + 3 & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}$ $\mathbf{B} \ g(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 21 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 6x & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}$ **C** $g(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 7 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 6x & \text{if } x \le 0 \end{cases}$ **9.** Given f(x) = 5x - 3 and g(x) = 6x + 2, find (f + g)(x). **A** 11x - 1**B** 11x + 5
- **10.** Given f(x) = 2x + 5 and g(x) = 3x 4, find (gf)(x).
 - **A** 5x + 1
 - **B** $6x^2 20$
 - **C** $6x^2 + 7x 20$
- **11.** Given f(x) = x 3 and g(x) = 4x, find q(f(6)).

A 3 **C** 21

12. Given f(x) = 3x - 6 and g(x) = 5x, find g(f(x)).

A 15*x* - 6 **B** 15*x* - 30

13. Which is the inverse of f(x) = x - 3?

A
$$y = \frac{1}{x - 3}$$

B $y = -x + 3$

C
$$y = x + 3$$

14. Use composition to determine if

f(x) = 3x and g(x) = -3x are inverses.

- A No, they are not inverses.
- B Yes, they are inverses.

Use constant differences or ratios to determine which parent function would best model the given data set.

15.

x	2	4	6	8	10	12
y	5	10	15	20	25	30

- A exponential
- **B** linear
- C quadratic

16.

x	-8	-4	0	4	8	16
y	0	1	3	6	10	15

A exponential

B linear

C quadratic

CHAPTER 9

Chapter Test Form A: Multiple Choice				
1. A	9. A			
2. B	10. C			
3. C	11. B			
4. B	12. B			
5. C	13. C			
6. C	14. A			
7. A	15. B			
8. C	16. C			