

8-7 Radical Functions

Warm Up

Identify the domain and range of each function.

1. $f(x) = x^2 + 2$
2. $f(x) = 3x^3$

Use the description to write the quadratic function g based on the parent function $f(x) = x^2$.

3. f is translated 3 units up.
4. f is translated 2 units left.

8-8 Solving Radical Equations and Inequalities

Warm Up

Simplify each expression. Assume all variables are positive.

1. $2\sqrt{27x} + 3\sqrt{12x}$
2. $\sqrt{72y^5}$
3. $\sqrt[3]{(x+2)^3}$
4. $\sqrt{2(48y)}$

Write each expression in radical form.

5. $(x+6)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
6. $(3y+4)^{\frac{3}{5}}$

8-7 Radical Functions

Warm Up

Identify the domain and range of each function.

1. $f(x) = x^2 + 2$ **D: \mathbb{R} ; R: $\{y \mid y \geq 2\}$**

2. $f(x) = 3x^3$ **D: \mathbb{R} ; R: \mathbb{R}**

Use the description to write the quadratic function g based on the parent function $f(x) = x^2$.

3. f is translated 3 units up. **$g(x) = x^2 + 3$**

4. f is translated 2 units left. **$g(x) = (x + 2)^2$**

8-8 Solving Radical Equations and Inequalities

Warm Up

Simplify each expression. Assume all variables are positive.

1. $2\sqrt{27x} + 3\sqrt{12x}$ **$12\sqrt{3x}$**

2. $\sqrt{72y^5}$ **$6y^2\sqrt{2y}$**

3. $\sqrt[3]{(x + 2)^3}$ **$x + 2$**

4. $\sqrt{2(48y)}$ **$4\sqrt{6y}$**

Write each expression in radical form.

5. $(x + 6)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ **$\sqrt{x + 6}$**

6. $(3y + 4)^{\frac{3}{5}}$ **$\sqrt[5]{(3y + 4)^3}$**