CHAPTER Cumulative Test Select the best answer. **1.** Order the numbers 1. $\overline{6}$, $\sqrt{3}$, 0, $\frac{\pi}{2}$, $-\sqrt{2}$ from least to greatest. **A** 0, 1. $\overline{6}$, $-\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{3}$, $\frac{\pi}{2}$ **B** $-\sqrt{2}$, 0, 1. $\overline{6}$, $\frac{\pi}{2}$, $\sqrt{3}$ **C** $-\sqrt{2}$, 0, $\frac{\pi}{2}$, 1. $\overline{6}$, $\sqrt{3}$ **D** $-\sqrt{2}$, 0, 1. $\overline{6}$, $\sqrt{3}$, $\frac{\pi}{2}$ 2. Use interval notation to represent $-4 \le x < 3$. **F** [-4.3] **H** (-4, 3)**G** [-4, 3) **J** (-4.3] 3. Identify the property demonstrated by 3 + (2 + 5) = (2 + 5) + 3. A Associative Property **B** Commutative Property **C** Distributive Property **D** Additive Identity Property **4.** Simplify $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$ $\mathbf{F} \sqrt{3}$ H $3\sqrt{3}$ **G** $2\sqrt{3}$ J $3\sqrt{2}$ **5.** Simplify $4\sqrt{18} - 3\sqrt{8}$. $\mathbf{A} \sqrt{10}$ **C** $8\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{8}$ **B** $4\sqrt{18} - 3\sqrt{8}$ **D** $6\sqrt{2}$ 6. Evaluate $\frac{1}{2^{-3}}$. $\mathbf{G} - \frac{1}{8}$ **J** 8 **7.** Simplify $\left(\frac{3x^2y^{-1}}{(XY)^3}\right)^2$. Assume all variables are nonzero. A $\frac{9x}{v^5}$ C $\frac{9}{x^2 v^8}$ **B** $\frac{9x^2}{x^8}$ $D \frac{9}{xv^5}$

8. Evaluate the expression $\frac{4.0\times10^{^{-3}}}{5.0\times10^4}$ and write the answer using scientific notation. **F** 0.8×10^{-7} **H** 8.0 \times 10⁻⁷ **G** 8.0×10^{-8} **J** 8.0×10^{-6} 9. Which of the following relations is **not** a function? A from student to math teacher B from math teacher to student **C** from student to height **D** from math teacher to number of classes **10.** Evaluate f(-2) for $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$. $H \frac{1}{3}$ **F** -3 **G** $-\frac{1}{3}$ **J** 3 **11.** Which function *C* represents the cost, in dollars, of p pencils that cost 5 cents each? **A** C(p) = 500p **C** C(p) = 20p**B** $C(p) = \frac{500}{p}$ **D** $C(p) = \frac{p}{20}$ **12.** Solve 6x - 2(2 + x) = 9x + (4 - 5x). **F** x = 0H all real numbers **G** x = 8J no solution **13.** Solve $\frac{12}{2x+1} = \frac{20}{3x}$. **A** x = -5**C** x = 12**B** x = 5**D** x = 1714. The right triangles ABC and DEF are similar. The hypotenuse of $\triangle ABC$ measures 12 cm and the hypotenuse of $\triangle DEF$ measures 18 cm. If one of the legs of $\triangle DEF$ measures 15 cm, what does the corresponding leg of

△*ABC* measure? **F** 5 cm **H** 10 cm **G** 9 cm **J** 22.5 cm

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Cumulative Test CHAPTER Δ continued **21.** Solve $\frac{|2x-1|}{2} \ge 4$. 15. Which set of points could represent a linear function? **A** $\left\{ x \mid -\frac{13}{2} \le x \le \frac{13}{2} \right\}$ **A** {(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4)} **B** {(1, 9), (2, 12), (4, 15), (8, 18)} **B** $\left\{ x \mid x \le -\frac{13}{2} \text{ or } x \ge \frac{13}{2} \right\}$ **C** {(1, 6), (3, 10), (5, 14), (7, 20)} **C** $\left\{ x \mid -\frac{11}{2} \le x \le \frac{13}{2} \right\}$ **D** {(1, 6), (4, 4), (7, 2), (10, 0)} **16.** A line has slope $-\frac{3}{2}$ and passes **D** $\left\{ x \mid x \leq -\frac{11}{2} \text{ or } x \geq \frac{13}{2} \right\}$ through (5, 3). Which of these points is also on the line? **22.** If g(x) is a vertical stretch by a factor of 4 of f(x) = 2|x| + 3, what is the **F** (-4, 9) **H** (7.6) rule for g(x)? **G** (2, 6) **J** (9, 9) **F** $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}|x| - 3$ **17.** What is 4x + 3y = 12 in slope-intercept form? **G** $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}|x| + 3$ **A** $y = -\frac{4}{3}x - 12$ **C** $y = \frac{4}{3}x + 12$ **H** g(x) = -8|x| - 12**B** $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + 4$ **D** $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + 4$ **J** q(x) = -8|x| + 1218. Which is the equation of the line **23.** The system $\begin{cases} -3x + y = 14 \\ 4y - 30 = 12x \end{cases}$ is perpendicular to y = 2x + 7 and passing through (1, -8)? A consistent, with no solution. **F** $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{15}{2}$ **H** $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 9$ B consistent, with infinitely **G** $y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{15}{2}$ **J** $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 9$ many solutions. C inconsistent, with no solution. **19.** If g(x) is a horizontal compression by **D** inconsistent, with infinitely a factor of $\frac{1}{4}$ followed by a translation many solutions. of 3 units down of f(x) = 4x - 5, what 24. Cinema City charges a \$15 membership is the rule for q(x)? fee, plus a charge of \$2.50 per movie **A** q(x) = -x - 2rental. Movie World charges no **B** q(x) = -x + 2membership fee but charges \$3.25 per rental. For what number of rentals is **C** q(x) = -16x - 8the total cost of membership and rentals **D** q(x) = -16x + 8the same for both stores? 20. Which linear equation best fits this **F** 5 **H** 15 data set? **G** 10 **J** 20 **25.** Solve $\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 1\\ 5x - 4y = 37 \end{cases}$ 1 4 6 8 11 X 3 6 5 8 2 y **A** $\left(4, -\frac{7}{3}\right)$ **C** $\left(\frac{119}{46}, -\frac{32}{33}\right)$ **F** $y = \frac{3}{5}x + \frac{5}{4}$ **H** y = x + 1

B (5, -3) **D** (8, -5)

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G $y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{5}{2}$ **J** $y = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{1}{2}$



32. Use elimination to solve x + 2y + 4z = 193x - 2v + 3z = 15. 5x + y - 5z = 18**F** (3, 2, 3) **H** (6, 7, 1) **G** (5, 3, 2) **J** (9, 3, 1)

33. The system (2x + y + z = 26)x + 2y - z = 7is 2x + 5y - 3z = 10

- A inconsistent, with no solutions.
- **B** inconsistent, with infinitely many solutions.
- **C** dependent, with infinitely many solutions.
- **D** dependent, with no solutions.

34. If
$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ 6 & 0 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $D = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 4 \\ -5 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$,
evaluate $2C - D$.
F $\begin{bmatrix} -6 & -14 \\ 14 & -8 \\ 4 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ **H** $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -12 \\ 13 & -8 \\ -1 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$
G $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -7 \\ 7 & -4 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ **J** $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -8 \\ 11 & 4 \\ -11 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
35. For $S_{2 \times 4}$, $T_{4 \times 2}$, and $V_{2 \times 4}$, what are the dimensions of *VTS*?
A 2×2 **C** 4×2
B 2×4 **D** 4×4

36. If
$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 4 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $Q = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$,

evaluate PQ.

$$F \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $H \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & 8 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
 $G \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 8 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
 $J \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 12 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ -4 & 2 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$

A (-6, -2, 3)

B (-6, 2, 3)

C (3, -2, -6)**D** (3, 2, -6)

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37. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, evaluate A^2 . A $\begin{bmatrix} 16 & 1 \\ 9 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ C $\begin{bmatrix} 19 & -18 \\ -6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ B $\begin{bmatrix} 16 & 9 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ D $\begin{bmatrix} 19 & -6 \\ -18 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ 38. If $\triangle ABC$ is defined by the matrix	43.	The gam colored c certain n below sh and the t much is c	e of <i>T</i> chips. I umber ows th otal va each c Blue	<i>rip Chip</i> Each co of poin ne chips alue of t color wo Green	is pla lor is ts. The for th heir ch rth? Red	yed with worth a e chart ree players hips. How Total Value
$P = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ what are the coordinates} \\ \text{of } \Delta ABC \text{ after it has been reflected} \\ \text{using the reflection matrix } \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}? \\ \mathbf{F} \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -4 & -2 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{H} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & -1 \\ -7 & -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \\ \mathbf{G} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 7 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{J} \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \\ 39. \Delta ABC \text{ has vertices } A(6, 1), B(3, -2), \\ C(-2, 1). \text{ What are the coordinates of} \\ \text{the image of } \Delta ABC \text{ after it has been} \\ \text{rotated using the rotation matrix } \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}? \\ \mathbf{A} A'(-6, 1), B'(-3, -2), C'(2, 1) \\ \mathbf{B} A'(-1, 6), B'(2, 3), C'(-1, -2) \\ \mathbf{C} A'(1, 6), B'(2, 3), C'(-1, -2) \\ \mathbf{C} A'(1, 6), B'(2, 3), C'(-2, -1) \\ 40. \text{ Find the determinant of } \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & -1 \\ -0.5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}. \\ \mathbf{F} -1.5 \qquad \mathbf{H} 0.5 \\ \mathbf{G} -0.5 \qquad \mathbf{J} 1.5 \\ 41. \text{ Find the determinant of } \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}. \\ \mathbf{A} -2 \qquad \mathbf{C} 2 \\ \mathbf{B} 0 \qquad \mathbf{D} 4 \\ 42. \text{ Which matrix is the inverse of } \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}? \\ \mathbf{F} \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{H} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \\ \mathbf{G} \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 \\ 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{J} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 \\ 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix} $	44.	Ted Emily Carlos A 4 for k B 4 for k C 5 for k D 5 for k What is t system of F $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -2 \\ -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ G $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ H 1 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} J J $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ What is t system of J $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -2 \\ 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ H $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ J J $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ G H $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ J J $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 7 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ G H $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ J J $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ G D $\begin{bmatrix} 12 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ D	$\begin{array}{c c} 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0$	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ for gree \\ for gree \\ for gree \\ for gree \\ ations \begin{bmatrix} 32 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} in \\ rm?$	1 5 4 en, an en, an en, an d matr -2y + 5 = 7x	$ \begin{array}{r} 49 \\ 38 \\ 41 \\ d 1 for red \\ d 9 for red \\ d 3 for red \\ d 7 for red \\ ix for the 4 = 3x \\ x + 5y \\ red $ ed

Answer Key continued

	Kim	4	4	2	54	1
1.		Blue	Green	Red	Points	
Performance Assessment						
16. apple: \$0.75, pear: \$0.85, orange: \$0.55.						
15. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$						
	Γ1 0 ¹⁻	1]				
14.	$[4. \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 7 \\ -5 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$					
	[2-	$-\pi$				
13.	$\left[-\frac{1}{\pi}\right]$	1]				
12.	$\pm\sqrt{12}$					
11.	x = -5,	y = -7	7			
10.	18					
9.	-2					
8.	A'(3, -3), B'(7, -2), and C'(4, -4)					
7.	0 1 -1 0	,]				
6.	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1-1 \end{bmatrix}$					
5.	[24 15 -8 18 2 7	0 0 -4				
4.	VS					
3.	11 23 -20	-19 6 29]				
2.	5	7 -15				

••			Blue		Green	кеа	Points	
	Kim		4		4 4		54	
	Pat	ıt 3 7		7	0	56		
	Robin		5		3	2	56	
2.	4 3 5	4 7 3	2 0 2	54 56 56				
3.	[1 0 0	0 1 0	0 0 1	7 5 3				
4.	blue,	7;	gree	n, 5	; red, 3.			

Cumulative Test

1. D **2.** G 3. B **4.** F 5. D **6.** J 7. C 8. G 9. B 10. H 11. D **12.** G 13. A 14. H 15. D **16.** F 17. D 18. F **19.** A **20.** F 21. D 22. H **23.** B 24. J 25. C 26. H 27. A 28. H **29.** C 30. H **31.** A **32.** G **33.** C **34.** H **35.** B

36. F	3. B
37. D	4. B
38. F	5. B
39. B	6. A
40. G	7. C
41. D	8. B
42. ⊢	9. A
43. C	10. A
CHAPTER 5	11. B
Section Quiz: Section A	12. B
1. D	13. A
2. G	14. B
3. C	15. A
4. F	16. A
5. B	17. C
6. J	18. A
7. B	19. D
8. F	20. B
Section Quiz: Section B	
1. C	Chapter lest Form B
2. F	1. B
3. D	2. H
4. G	3. A
5. D	4. H
6. F	5. D
7. C	6. G
8. J	7. C
9. A	8. F
10. H	9. B
	10. G
Chapter Test Form A	11 C
	11. 0
1. C	12. H