#### **TEKS** 2A.2.A



# **Practice B**

# Solving Absolute-Value Equations and Inequalities

### Solve each equation.

1. 
$$|2x + 1| = 7$$

**2.** 
$$|-7x| = 28$$

**3.** 
$$3|3x|-7=2$$

**4.** 
$$|2x-5|=5$$

**5.** 
$$2|x+1|=14$$

**6.** 
$$|4-x|+2=9$$

### Solve each inequality or compound inequality. Then graph the solution.

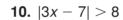
7. 
$$-4x + 2 > -10$$
 and  $5x - 12 < 8$  8.  $3x - 4 \ge 8$  or  $-x + 12 > 16$ 

**8.** 
$$3x - 4 \ge 8$$
 or  $-x + 12 > 16$ 





**9.** 
$$|9x| \ge 18$$







**11.** 
$$|0.3x| > 1$$







#### Solve.

**13.** Any measurement is accurate within  $\pm 0.5$  of the measurement unit. For example, if you measure your pencil to the nearest inch, your measurement could be 0.5 inch too long or 0.5 inch too short. Write an absolute-value inequality that shows the maximum and minimum actual measure of a nail measured to be 4.4 centimeters to the nearest 0.1 centimeter.

#### **TEKS** 2A.2.A



# **Practice B**

# 2-8 Solving Absolute-Value Equations and Inequalities

### Solve each equation.

1. 
$$|2x + 1| = 7$$

**2.** 
$$|-7x| = 28$$

3. 
$$3|3x|-7=2$$

$$x = 3 \text{ or } x = -4$$
  $x = \pm 4$   $x = \pm 1$   $|2x - 5| = 5$  5.  $2|x + 1| = 14$  6.  $|4 - x| + 2 = 9$ 

$$x = \pm 4$$

$$x = \pm 1$$

**4.** 
$$|2x-5|=5$$

**5.** 
$$2|x + 1| = 14$$

6. 
$$|4-x|+2=9$$

$$x = 6 \text{ or } x = -8$$

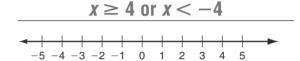
$$x = 6 \text{ or } x = -8$$
  $x = -3 \text{ or } x = 11$ 

#### Solve each inequality or compound inequality. Then graph the solution.

7. 
$$-4x + 2 > -10$$
 and  $5x - 12 < 8$ 

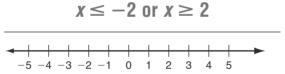
**8.** 
$$3x - 4 \ge 8$$
 or  $-x + 12 > 16$ 

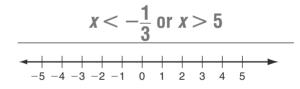




**9.** 
$$|9x| \ge 18$$

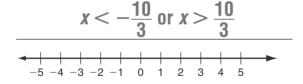
**10.** 
$$|3x - 7| > 8$$

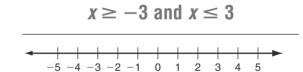




**11.** 
$$|0.3x| > 1$$

**12.** 
$$|7x| - 12 \le 9$$





#### Solve.

**13.** Any measurement is accurate within  $\pm 0.5$  of the measurement unit. For example, if you measure your pencil to the nearest inch, your measurement could be 0.5 inch too long or 0.5 inch too short. Write an absolute-value inequality that shows the maximum and minimum actual measure of a nail measured to be 4.4 centimeters to the nearest 0.1 centimeter.

$$|m-4.4|\leq 0.05$$