Algebraic Reasoning	Algebraic Reasoning						
Name:	Name:						
Per:	Per:						
POINTS:	POINTS:						
Classwork #33 Quiz	Classwork #33 Quiz						
Be sure to include your work when appropriate.	Be sure to include your work when appropriate.						
A local department store is having a clearance sale and discounting everything in the store by 25%. The sales tax rate is 8.25%.	A local department store is having a clearance sale and discounting everything in the store by 25%. The sales tax rate is 8.25%.						
 Write a function f(x) to represent the discounted amount of a purchase, x. 	 Write a function f(x) to represent the discounted amount of a purchase, x. 						
2. Use the function $f(x)$ to complete the table below. ORIGINAL AMOUNT OF PURCHASE, IN DOLLARS, x DISCOUNTED AMOUNT OF PURCHASE, IN DOLLARS, $f(x)$	2. Use the function $f(x)$ to complete the table below. ORIGINAL AMOUNT OF PURCHASE, IN DOLLARS, x DISCOUNTED AMOUNT OF PURCHASE, IN DOLLARS, $f(x)$						
 Write a function g(x) to represent the amount of sales tax charged on any purchase, x. 	 Write a function g(x) to represent the amount of sales tax charged on any purchase, x. 						
4. Use the function $g(x)$ to complete the table below. Round to the nearest cent. AMOUNT OF PURCHASE, 17.50 56.25 75.00 93.75 112.50 AMOUNT OF SALES TAX,	4. Use the function $g(x)$ to complete the table below. Round to the nearest cent. AMOUNT OF PURCHASE, 10 DOLLARS, x 27.50 56.25 75.00 93.75 112.50 AMOUNT OF SALES TAX.						
IN DOLLARS, $g(x)$	IN DOLLARS, g(x)						

The Metro Motorcycle Company is having a year-end sale on five models of motorcycles. They are offering a rebate of \$2,000 on each motorcycle sold or a 10% discount on each motorcycle sold.

5. Write a function R(x) to represent the cost of a motorcycle, x, after the rebate.

The Metro Motorcycle Company is having a year-end sale on five models of motorcycles. They are offering a rebate of \$2,000 on each motorcycle sold or a 10% discount on each motorcycle sold.

5. Write a function R(x) to represent the cost of a motorcycle, x, after the rebate.

6. Use R(x) to fill in the table of values.

	MODEL	A	В	С	D	E
	ORIGINAL COST, IN DOLLARS, x	10,000	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000
(COST AFTER REBATE, IN DOLLARS, R(x)					

6. Use R(x) to fill in the table of values.

MODEL	A	В	С	D	E
ORIGINAL COST, IN DOLLARS, x	10,000	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000
COST AFTER REBATE, IN DOLLARS, $R(x)$					

7. Write a function D(x) to represent the cost of a motorcycle, x, after the 10% discount.

7. Write a function D(x) to represent the cost of a motorcycle, x, after the 10% discount.

8. Use D(x) to fill in the table of values.

MODEL	A	В	С	D	E
ORIGINAL COST, IN DOLLARS, x	10,000	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000
COST AFTER DISCOUNT, IN DOLLARS, R(x)					

8. Use D(x) to fill in the table of values.

MODEL	A	В	С	D	E
ORIGINAL COST, IN DOLLARS, x	10,000	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000
COST AFTER DISCOUNT, IN DOLLARS, R(x)					