Solving Linear Inequalities

Linear Inequality

- A linear inequality is similar to a linear equation, but the equal sign is replaced with an inequality signal.
- A solution of a linear inequality is any ordered pair that makes the inequality true.





	Graphing Linear Inequalities
Step 1	Solve the inequality for y (slope-intercept form).
Step 2	Graph the boundary line. Use a solid line for \leq or \geq . Use a dashed line for $<$ or $>$.
Step 3	Shade the half-plane above the line for $y > $ or $y \ge$. Shade the half-plane below the line for $y < $ or $y \le$. Check your answer.

Examples	
► Graph y – 2x ≤ -4	





Examples

Select a point in one of the half-planes and use that point to test the inequality.

Test Point

▶ Point (,)

Check Point • Point (,)

- y 2x ≤ -4
 () 2() ≤ -4
 () ≤ -4
- y 2x ≤ -4 • () – 2() \leq -4

() ≤ -4



















